

# SPECIAL GROUT C80/95

## V3/50 SPECIAL GROUT (0-5 mm)

### TEST CERTIFICATES AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- › Certificate of conformity DAfStb directive (VeBMR) "Herstellung und Verwendung von zementgebundenem Vergussbeton und Vergussmörtel" (Manufacture and use of cement-bonded concrete grout and grout) tested at 1 °C, 20 °C and 35 °C (QDB)
- › High frost-deicing salt resistance - Verification by CDF procedure
- › High resistance against fatigue loading - Verification by expert report
- › High resistance against fatigue loading under water - Verification by expert report
- › Factory production control acc. to DIN EN 1504-3
- › Company certification acc. to DIN EN ISO 9001:2015

### PROPERTIES

- › Controlled swelling with a frictional bond between concrete foundation and machine base plate
- › High early and final strength
- › Impermeable to water and largely resistant to mineral oils and fuels
- › High fatigue resistance, for dry and underwater applications
- › Pumpable with mono-transfer pumps, easy to process, even at low application temperatures (ask for machine suitability)
- › Complies with the requirements of building material class A1 (non-combustible) as specified under decision 2000/605/EC of the European Commission dated September 26, 2000 (published in the official journal L258)

### AREAS OF APPLICATION

- › Onshore grouting: Hybrid tower, steel, reinforced concrete, and prestressed concrete towers
- › Turbines, generators, compressors, diesel engines, machine plants and components exposed to high dynamic loads
- › Prefabricated concrete parts and structural steelworks
- › Paper plants, chemical plants and refineries

#### MOISTURE CLASSES BASED ON CONCRETE CORROSION FROM ALKALI-SILICIC ACID REACTIONS

Moisture class	WO	WF	WA	WS
<b>V3/50</b>	•	•	•	•

The aggregates in PAGEL's products comply with the requirements of alkali sensitivity class E1 from non-hazardous sources specified under DIN EN 12620.

#### EXPOSURE CLASS ALLOCATION ACC. TO: DIN EN 206-1 / DIN 1045-2

	XO	XC	XD	XS	XF	XA	XM
	1 2 3 4	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3 4	1 2 3*	1 2 3	1 2 3
<b>V3/50</b>	•	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •	• •	• •

\* Having sulfate attack up to 600 mg/l  
With protective measures according to DIN 1045-2

#### Classification acc. to the DAfStb VeBMR directive:

	Flowability class	Slump flow class	Shrinkage class	Early strength class	Compressive strength class	
<b>V3/50</b>	Categorisation	-	a3	SKVB 0	A	C80/95



## TECHNICAL DATA

TYPE		V3/50	
Grain size	mm	0-5	
Undergrouting height	mm	20-125 (300)*	
Amount of water	max. %	10.5	
Consumption approx.	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	2,100	
Fresh mortar raw density approx.	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	2,350	
Processing time approx. + 20 °C	min	90	
Swelling	24 h Vol.-%	≥ 0.1	
Measure of extension	5 min mm	≥ 700	
	30 min mm	≥ 620	
Compressive strength*	1 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 50	
	7 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 65	
	28 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 95	
Bending tensile strength**	1 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 6	
	7 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 9	
	28 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 12	
E-Module (static)	28 d N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥ 35,000	

\* Testing of compressive strength accordance with DIN EN 123905-3

\*\* According to DAfStb VeBMR-Rili July 2019

**Note:** All stated test values correspond to the DAfStb VeBMR directive.

Testing of fresh and solid mortars at 20 °C ± 2 °C, storage of the test specimen after 24 hours until the strength test in water at 20 °C ± 2 °C. Higher or lower temperatures result in deviating properties of fresh respectively solid mortars and test results.

Depending on the temperature, the consistency can be adapted with a slight reduction of the mixing water.

**Storage:** 12 months. Cool, dry, free from frost. Unopened in its original container.

**Delivery form:** 25-kg bag, Euro pallet 1,000 kg

**Hazard class:** Non-hazardous material, observe information on packaging.

### PAGEL PRODUCT COMPOSITION:

Cement: acc. to DIN EN 197-1

Aggregate: acc. to DIN EN 12620

Additions: acc. to DIN EN 450, general building inspection approval (abZ), DIN EN 13263-3 (Fly ash, Microsilica etc.)

Additional substances: acc. to DIN EN 934-4

## APPLICATION

### SUBSTRATE PREPARATION:

Remove loose and unsound material such as cement slurry and dirt etc. using suitable methods, e.g. shot-blasting or similar until the underlying solid grain structure has been exposed. A sufficient average tear strength ( $\geq 1.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , KEW  $\geq 1.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ) must be ensured.

### Prewetting:

Prewet the concrete substrate to capillary saturation for approx. 6-24 hours.

### Reinforcing steel:

Blast all rust off exposed reinforcement bars until the underlying metal has been exposed acc. to purity grade SA 2 ½ in accordance with DIN EN ISO 12944-4.

### Non-iron metals:

Cement and cement-bound building materials may cause non-iron-metals in the transitional area of the contact surface (e.g. aluminium, copper, zinc) to loosen.

Please contact us for technical advice.

### FORMWORK:

Attach in such a way that it is leak-proof and robust. Seal on the concrete substrate. Use non-absorbent formwork.

### Protruding grout:

Do not exceed the specified 50 mm when allowing grout to protrude and observe the structural specifications. When grouting dynamically stressed and prestressed base plates and machine foundations that are subject to high compression strengths at the edges, the grout should ideally be applied to be flush with the bearing plate, provided with a 45° edge using formwork or cut off flush with the bearing plate before it has set. This will prevent any stresses from becoming superimposed on one another and from becoming annihilated (observe static and structural specifications).

### MIXING:

The dry mortar is supplied ready to use and only needs to be mixed with water. Fill the specified amount of water apart from a residual amount into a clean and suitable mixing device (e.g. compulsory mixer). Add the dry mortar and mix for at least 3 minutes. Add the remaining water and mix for at least another 2 minutes until it forms a homogeneous mass.

### GROUTING:

The mixture must be poured from one side or corner only in one continuous pour. When grouting large areas, we recommend to pour the grout starting in the centre of the foundation plate, using a funnel or filling hose. Cavities should be filled first (up to around just below the top edge) and then the machine plate or similar.

**Temperature range:** + 1 °C to + 35 °C

**Mixing water:** Drinking water quality

### FOLLOW-UP TREATMENT:

Exposed grout areas must be protected from premature water evaporation (from wind, draughts, direct exposure to sun, etc.) immediately on completion of the work for a period of 3-5 days.

The information provided in this leaflet, application instructions and other recommendations are based on extensive research and experience. They are, however, not binding, in particular with regard to third party proprietary rights, and do not relieve the customer of his responsibility to verify that the products and processes are suitable for the intended application. The indicated test data are mean values and average analyses. Deviations are possible when delivery takes place. Recommendations that differ from those provided in this leaflet require written confirmation. Planners and operators are responsible for ensuring that this leaflet is the latest edition and for obtaining information on the latest technological developments. Our customer service staff will be happy to answer your questions at any time. Many thanks for your interest in our products. This technical data sheet supersedes all previously issued product information. Please visit our website for the latest valid version of this brochure at [www.pagel.com](http://www.pagel.com).

**PAGEL Spezial-Beton GmbH & Co. KG**  
 Wolfsbankring 9 Tel. +49 201 68504 0  
 45355 Essen · Germany Fax +49 201 68504 31  
[www.pagel.com](http://www.pagel.com) · [info@pagel.com](mailto:info@pagel.com)